1	AN ACT relating to opioid overdose.
2	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
3	→SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 222 IS CREATED TO
4	READ AS FOLLOWS:
5	(1) As used in this section:
6	(a) "Appropriate facility" means a medical facility or a psychiatric hospital that
7	provides substance use disorder in-patient services and meets the
8	requirements of 42 C.F.R. sec. 438.6(e) for the treatment of Medicaid
9	eligible recipients, within a service area defined by this section, which is
10	certified by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services to:
11	1. Have emergency services available on a twenty-four (24) hours per
12	day basis;
13	2. Be equipped to manage an acute opioid overdose; and
14	3. Be directly affiliated with a drug treatment clinic offering:
15	a. Transitional, evidence-based care for opioid users who have
16	survived an opioid overdose;
17	b. Medication-assisted treatment for opioid use disorder, as needed;
18	c. Services directly from alcohol and drug peer support specialists
19	registered under KRS Chapter 309; and
20	d. Referrals to longer-term treatment outside of the clinic, as
21	<u>needed;</u>
22	(b) "Emergency medical services provider" means a firefighter or emergency
23	medical services personnel as defined in KRS 61.315 who are working
24	within the service area;
25	(c) "Immediate detention" means a period in which a person who has had an
26	opioid overdose is detained by a peace officer for transport by an emergency
27	medical services provider to an appropriate facility for assessment and a

1		referral to treatment under this section;
2	<u>(d)</u>	"Immediate detention form" means written documentation of a reasonable
3		belief that a person who has had an opioid overdose is at serious risk of
4		injury or death due to use of opioids, and is in need of treatment;
5	<u>(e)</u>	"Opioid overdose" means that:
6		1. A person suffered respiratory or central nervous system depression
7		consistent with an acute opioid overdose; and
8		2. The person's symptoms were significantly alleviated by naloxone or
9		another opioid overdose intervention drug administered by an
10		emergency medical services provider; and
11	<u>(f)</u>	"Service area" means a county containing:
12		1. An urban-county government;
13		2. A consolidated local government; or
14		3. A population of greater than ninety thousand (90,000) if any
15		adjoining county also has a population of greater than ninety
16		thousand (90,000) based upon the most recent federal decennial
17		census.
18	(2) (a)	1. When an emergency medical services provider treats a person for
19		opioid overdose within a service area, the person treated for opioid
20		overdose shall be immediately detained for transportation to an
21		appropriate facility within the service area.
22		2. If the emergency medical services provider is not a peace officer with
23		arrest powers, the emergency medical services provider shall contact a
24		peace officer with arrest powers to initiate an immediate detention.
25	<u>(b)</u>	A peace officer shall complete an immediate detention form, take any steps
26		prescribed by the Justice and Public Safety Cabinet for entry of the
27		completed form into the Law Information Network of Kentucky, and

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1		provide the facility with a copy of the immediate detention form for
2		inclusion in the overdose patient's medical information.
3		(c) Unless the peace officer determines that is necessary for the safety of the
4		person who overdosed or for public safety, the peace officer is not required
5		to accompany the person who overdosed to the appropriate facility.
6	<u>(3)</u>	The immediate detention form shall document:
7		(a) Reasonable grounds to believe that the person is at serious risk of injury or
8		death due to abuse of opioids and in need of treatment. Evidence of an
9		opioid overdose serves as reasonable grounds under this section; and
10		(b) Other information as prescribed by the Justice and Public Safety Cabinet
11		through administrative regulation promulgated under KRS Chapter 13A.
12	<u>(4)</u>	Before a person brought to an appropriate facility under this section can be
13		discharged:
14		(a) An assessment for substance use disorders shall be conducted by a qualified
15		health professional as defined under KRS 222.005, and if appropriate, the
16		qualified health professional shall make a referral to a clinically
17		appropriate evidence-based substance use disorder treatment program;
18		(b) The treating physician may, if appropriate, prescribe or make a referral for
19		medication-assisted treatment for the treatment of opioid use disorders, in
20		coordination with patient; and
21		(c) The qualified health professional conducting the evaluation shall develop a
22		discharge plan which includes a referral to an alcohol and drug peer
23		support specialist registered under KRS Chapter 309.
24	<u>(5)</u>	An authorized staff physician, as defined in KRS 202A.011, may order the
25		admission of the person to permit a qualified health professional to complete the
26		assessment and discharge plan required by this section.
27	<u>(6)</u>	Any person brought to an appropriate facility under subsection (5) of this section

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I		shall be released from the facility within seventy-two (72) hours, excluding
2		weekends and holidays, unless further detained by other applicable law or for
3		further voluntary treatment.
4	<u>(7)</u>	The Justice and Public Safety Cabinet and the Office of Drug Control Policy may
5		promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A to
6		administer and implement this section.
7	<u>(8)</u>	The Department for Behavioral Health, Developmental and Intellectual
8		Disabilities shall collect data, in compliance with the federal Health Insurance
9		Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191, as amended, on
10		immediate detention and the resulting treatment provided by appropriate
11		facilities. This data shall be reported by December 31 of each year to the
12		Legislative Program Review and Investigations Committee of the Kentucky
13		General Assembly for analysis.
14	<u>(9)</u>	Appropriate facilities, qualified health professionals, and alcohol and drug peer
15		support specialists shall report annual assessment, detention, and discharge plan
16		information to the Department for Behavioral Health, Developmental and
17		Intellectual Disabilities by July 1 of each year.
18	<u>(10)</u>	Persons carrying out duties or rendering professional opinions as provided in this
19		section shall be free of personal liability for such actions, provided that such
20		activities are performed in good faith within the scope of their professional duties
21		and in a manner consistent with accepted professional practices.
22	<u>(11)</u>	For persons who are Medicaid-eligible, transportation to, assessment, and
23		medically necessary treatment in an appropriate facility for opioid overdose
24		under this section shall be reimbursed by the Medicaid Program and a Medicaid
25		managed care organization at the same rates as other covered behavioral health
26		services.
27	<i>(12)</i>	The provisions of this section shall be subject to available funding.

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